1. (5 points) How many different ways can the letters in the word stygian be arranged?

(5 points) How many different ways can the letters in the word *stygian* be arranged such that the word *sing* appears in the arrangement?

2. (5 points) State the Handshaking Lemma.

(5 points) Use the Handshaking Lemma to show that a graph with 2 vertices of degree 5, 10 vertices of degree 4, 5 vertices of degree 3, 12 vertices of degree 2 and 8 vertices of degree 1 does not exist.

- 3. (10 points) Do one of the following two induction problems. Clearly indicate your selection.
- a. Find and prove the correctness of a formula for  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} 2i = 2 + 4 + 6 + 8 + ... + 2n$ .
- b. Prove  $\frac{5^{n+2}+9^n+10}{4}$  is an integer for all positive integers *n*.

- 4. Susan buys an economy pack of fifty pens. The pens are identical except for color. There are ten of each of five different colors.
  - a. (5 points) How many different ways can Susan select four pens of different colors to take to work?
  - b. (5 points) How many different ways can Susan select ten pens to take to work?
  - c. (5 points) How many different ways can Susan select ten pens to take to work with at least one of each color?
- 5. (10 points) Dominate the 4 by 12 board with 16 knights.

6. (10 points) Totally dominate the 5 by 5 board with 5 kings.

7. (10 points) Prove that a closed knight's tour does not exist on the 3 by 4 board.

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12

8. (10 points) Find an open knight's tour on the 3 by 4 board that begins at 1 and ends at 12.

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12

9. (10 points) Show 
$$3\binom{n}{2} = 2\binom{n}{3}$$
 has no integer solutions for  $n \ge 2$ .

10. Complete the following.

(3 points) The complete graph  $K_{42}$  has \_\_\_\_\_\_ edges.

(3 points) The complete bipartite graph  $K_{42,57}$  has \_\_\_\_\_\_ edges.

(3 points) For the complete graph  $K_n$ ,  $\gamma_t(K_n) =$ \_\_\_\_\_.

(3 points) For the cycle graph  $C_n$ ,  $\gamma(C_n) =$ \_\_\_\_\_ for  $n \ge 3$ .

(3 points) For the complete bipartite graph  $K_{n,m}$ ,  $\gamma_t(K_{n,m}) =$  \_\_\_\_\_\_.