Name

Instructions. Show all your work. Credit cannot and will not be awarded for work not shown. Where appropriate, simplify all answers to a single decimal expansion.

- (10 points) A certain shirt is produced for both men and women. How many different shirts exist if

 the shirt comes in 3 sizes and 5 colors for both men and women; 2 * 3 * 5 = 30
 the shirt comes in 3 sizes and 12 colors for women and 5 sizes and 6 colors for men? 3 * 12 + 5 * 6 = 66
- 2. (15 points) How many ways can we rearrange the letters in the word
 - i. vampire; 7! = 5040

ii. werewolf;
$$\frac{8!}{2! \cdot 2!} = 10080$$

- ii. mummy? $\frac{5!}{3!} = 20$
- 3. (5 points) In an attempt to raise productivity the CANE corporation is scheduled to publicly flog its six least productive employees. In how many different orders can these six employees be flogged? 6! = 720
- 4. Let $S = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}.$
 - i. (5 points) How many non-empty subsets does S have? $2^8 1 = 255$
 - ii. (5 points) How many subsets of S have no odd numbers as members? $2^4 = 16$
 - iii. (5 points) How many subsets of S have exactly 4 elements? $\binom{8}{4} = 70$
 - iv. (5 points) How many subsets of S have an odd number elements? $\binom{8}{1} + \binom{8}{3} + \binom{8}{5} + \binom{8}{7} = 128$

v. (5 points) How many four digit numbers can be made using the digits of S if a digit may be used repeatedly? Before you answer, ask yourself if 0 can be a leading digit. $7 * 8^3 = 3584$

vi. (10 points) How many even, four digit numbers can be made using the digits of S if a digit may be used only once? **Be careful!** There is a reason this part is worth 10 points. If we pick the last digit first, we run into a problem picking the first digit since we do not know if we used zero or not for the final digit. This needs to be broken into two cases; the last digit is zero or the last digit is not zero. We have 1 * 7 * 6 * 5 + 3 * 6 * 6 * 5 = 750 different even four digit numbers.

- 5. (5 points) How many positive integers not exceeding 3000 are divisible by 12 or 15? $\left\lfloor \frac{3000}{12} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{3000}{15} \right\rfloor \left\lfloor \frac{3000}{\text{lcm}(12,15)} \right\rfloor = 400$
- 6. (5 points) What is the minimum number of students, each of whom comes from one of the 50 states, who must be enrolled in a university to guarantee that there are at least 100 who come from the same state? 99 * 50 + 1 = 4951
- 7. (5 points) At a university of 22,000 students, at least how many must share the same birthday (not including the year)? Don't forget leap years. [²²⁰⁰⁰/₃₆₆] = 61 (5 points) How many must have the birthday September 19th? None.
- 8. (10 points) Use the Binomial Theorem to expand $(3x 2)^4$ into standard polynomial form. You must show all the details of your use of the Binomial Theorem. $\binom{4}{4}(3x)^4(-2)^0 + \binom{4}{3}(3x)^3(-2)^1 + \binom{4}{2}(3x)^2(-2)^2 + \binom{4}{1}(3x)^1(-2)^3 + \binom{4}{0}(3x)^0(-2)^4 = 81x^4 - 216x^3 + 216x^2 - 96x + 16$
- 9. (15 points) Use the Binomial Theorem to find the coefficient of x⁸ in the expansion of each of the following. Once again, you must show all the details of your use of the Binomial Theorem.
 i. (2x 3)¹⁰; (¹⁰₈) (2x)⁸ (-3)² = 103680x⁸
 ii. (5x³ 6)⁹: 0

iii.
$$(5x^4 - 3)^5$$
. $\binom{5}{2}(5x^4)^2(-3)^3 = -6750x^8$

10. (10 points) Use the Binomial Theorem to prove $\sum_{k=0}^{n} (-1)^{k} {n \choose k} = 0$. Let x = -1 and y = 1. Thus, $\sum_{k=0}^{n} (-1)^{k} {n \choose k} = \sum_{k=0}^{n} (-1)^{k} * 1^{n-k} {n \choose k} = (-1+1)^{n} = 0^{n} = 0.$