

## Review for Exam 2

### MATH 2306

Sections Covered: 4, 5, 6, 7

*This review is provided as a courtesy to give some idea of what material is covered. Nothing else is intended or implied.*

(1) Determine whether the set of functions is linearly dependent or linearly independent on the indicated interval.

(a)  $y_1(x) = e^{x+1}$ ,  $y_2(x) = e^{x-1}$ ,  $(-\infty, \infty)$

(b)  $f_1(x) = \sin x$ ,  $f_2(x) = \tan x$ ,  $\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

(c)  $g_1(t) = t$ ,  $g_2(t) = t^2$ ,  $g_3(t) = t^3$ ,  $(0, \infty)$

(2) Determine whether the indicated set of functions forms a fundamental solution set for the given ODE.

(a)  $y_1 = x$ ,  $y_2 = \frac{1}{x}$   $x^2y'' + xy' - y = 0$ ,  $x > 0$

(b)  $y_1 = xe^x$ ,  $y_2 = e^{2x}$   $y'' - 2y' + y = 0$ ,

(c)  $y_1 = e^{2x}$ ,  $y_2 = e^{2x+1}$   $y'' + y' - 6y = 0$ ,

(d)  $y_1 = e^{2x}$ ,  $y_2 = e^{-3x}$ ,  $y_3 = 1$   $y''' + y'' - 6y' = 0$ ,

(3) An LR series circuit with inductance 20 henries and resistance 4 ohms has electromotive force of 200 volts applied to it. Find the current  $i(t)$  if  $i(0) = 0$ .

(4) An RC series circuit with resistance of 10 ohms and capacitance of 0.1 farads has electromotive force of  $E(t) = 20te^{-t}$  applied to it. Find the charge on the capacitor  $q(t)$  if  $q(0) = 0$ .

(5) A tank initially contains 500 L of salt water in which 5 kg of salt is dissolved. Suppose a brine solution containing 0.2 kg of salt per liter runs into the tank. The brine enters the tank at a rate of 5 L/min, and the well mixed solution is flowing out of the tank at the same rate. Find the amount of salt  $A(t)$  in the tank at time  $t$ .

(6) A large tank is partially filled with 100 gallons of fluid into which 10 pounds of salt is dissolved. Fresh water is pumped in at a rate of 6 gallons per minute, and the well mixed solution is pumped out at the slower rate of 4 gallons per minute. Determine the number of pounds of salt in the tank after 30 minutes.

(7) A population of bacteria experience exponential growth. If the initial population  $P(0) = 1000$ , and the population doubles every 4 hours, determine the population  $P(t)$  for all  $t > 0$ .

(8) Solve each IVP.

(a)  $\frac{dy}{dx} - \tan x y = \sin x, \quad y(0) = 1$

(b)  $x \frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = \frac{1}{x^2(1+x^2)}, \quad y(1) = 0$

(9) Given one solution of the homogeneous equation, use reduction of order to find a second linearly independent solution.

(a)  $(x-1)y'' - xy' + y = 0 \quad x > 1, \quad y_1(x) = x$

(b)  $x^2y'' + 3xy' - 3y = 0 \quad x > 0, \quad y_1(x) = x^{-3}$