

Review for Exam IV

MATH 2306

Sections Covered: 15, 16, 17, 18

This review is provided as a courtesy to give some idea of what material is covered. Nothing else is intended or implied.

(1) Find the Laplace transform using any method.

(a) $f(t) = e^{3t}(t-1)^2$

(b) $f(t) = t^2\mathcal{U}(t-1) - e^t\mathcal{U}(t-4)$

(c) $f(t) = \begin{cases} 2t, & 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 1, & 3 \leq t \end{cases}$

(2) Find the inverse Laplace transform using any method.

(a) $F(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 - 4s + 10}$

(b) $F(s) = \frac{2s + 5}{(s - 3)^2}$

(c) $F(s) = \frac{3e^{-2s}}{s(s + 1)^2}$

(3) Solve the IVP using the Laplace transform.

(a) $y'' - 2y' + 5y = 0, \quad y(0) = 2, \quad y'(0) = 4$

(b) $y'' + 3y' - 4y = 80t, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = -4$

(c) $y'' + 4y' + 4y = 42t^5e^{-2t} \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 0$

(4) Solve the IVP using the Laplace transform.

$$y'' + y = \mathcal{U}\left(t - \frac{\pi}{4}\right), \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 2$$

(5) An LRC series circuit has inductance 1 h, resistance 2 ohms and capacitance 0.1 f. The initial charge on the capacitor and current in the circuit are $q(0) = i(0) = 0$. At time $t = 0$, a unit pulse voltage is applied to the circuit so that the charge satisfies

$$L \frac{d^2 q}{dt^2} + R \frac{dq}{dt} + \frac{1}{C} q = \delta(t).$$

The function $\delta(t)$ satisfies $\mathcal{L}\{\delta(t)\} = 1$. Find the charge on the capacitor q for $t > 0$ using the method of Laplace transforms.

(6) Suppose f is a function such that $f(0) = 1$ and $\mathcal{L}\{f'(t)\} = \frac{\ln s}{s}$. Determine $\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$. (In the words of Dennis Zill, “Don’t think deep thoughts.”)

(7) Find the Fourier series of the given function

(a) $f(x) = 1, \quad -\pi < x < \pi$

(b) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -2 < x < 0 \\ 2x, & 0 \leq x < 2 \end{cases}$

(c) $f(x) = \begin{cases} -x - 1, & -1 < x < 0 \\ 1 - x, & 0 \leq x < 1 \end{cases}$

(8) Consider the function in (7)(b) above. What does the series you found converge to at $x = 0$, $x = 1$, $x = 2$, $x = 4$ and $x = 6$?

(9) Consider the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x, & 0 \leq x < \frac{1}{2} \\ 1, & \frac{1}{2} \leq x < 1 \end{cases}$. Give a plot of the half range sine series and a plot of the half range cosine series of f over the interval $[-3, 3]$. Find each of these series.