

Section 4.2: Graphing a Polynomial Turning Points

Definition: A **turning point** on the graph of a function f is a point at which f changes from increasing to decreasing or from decreasing to increasing. Note that a turning point is a relative maximum or a relative minimum.

Theorem: If $P(x)$ is a polynomial of degree n , then the graph of P has at most $n - 1$ turning points.

There are Calculus tools that can help you to find the location of turning points.

Recap on Polynomial Features

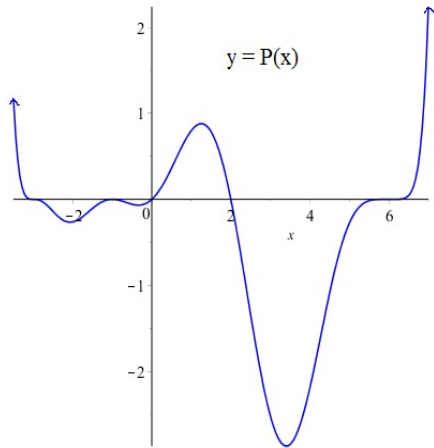
We want to graph and recognize graphs of polynomials. Here's a laundry list of things we know about a polynomial P of degree n .

- ▶ The domain is all reals, and the graphs are continuous and smooth.
- ▶ The degree and leading coefficient determine how the graph behaves at the far left and right.
- ▶ There are at most n x -intercepts, and exactly n complex zeros accounting for multiplicity.
- ▶ There are at most $n - 1$ turning points.
- ▶ The graph crosses (odd) or is tangent (even) to the x -axis based on the multiplicity of the zero.
- ▶ Are we missing anything?

Question

Consider the plot of the polynomial P . Note the end behavior of P and that P has five x -intercepts.

True or False: The degree of P is an even number that is greater than or equal to 6.



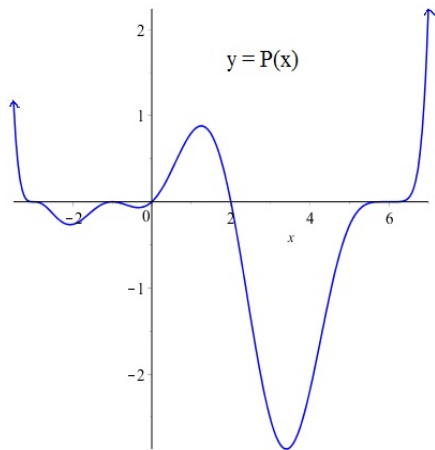
True

- (a) True, but I'm not confident.
- (b) True, and I am confident.
- (c) False, but I'm not confident.
- (d) False, and I am confident.

Question

Consider the plot of the polynomial P . Note the end behavior of P and that P has five x -intercepts.

True or False: The leading coefficient of P must be negative.



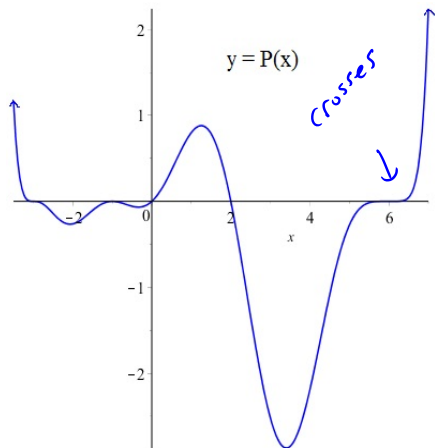
False

- (a) True, but I'm not confident.
- (b) True, and I am confident.
- (c) False, but I'm not confident.
- (d) False, and I am confident.

Question

Consider the plot of the polynomial P . The graph of P contains the point $(6, 0)$.

True or False: 6 is a zero of P , and its multiplicity is even.



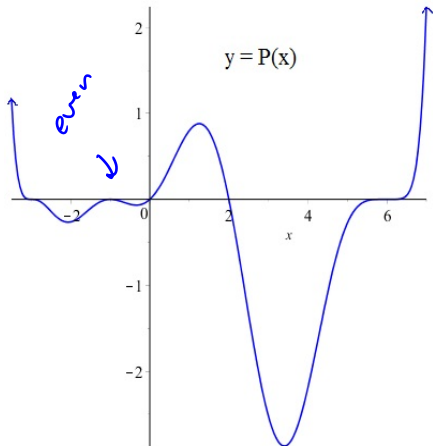
False

- (a) True, but I'm not confident.
- (b) True, and I am confident.
- (c) False, but I'm not confident.
- (d) False, and I am confident.

Question

Consider the plot of the polynomial P . The zeros of P are -3 , -1 , 0 , 2 and 6 .

True or False: Only one of the zeros of P has even multiplicity.



True (the intercept @ -1)

- (a) True, but I'm not confident.
- (b) True, and I am confident.
- (c) False, but I'm not confident.
- (d) False, and I am confident.

Graphing a Polynomial

Sketch a plot of the graph of $f(x) = -x^3 + 6x^2 - 9x$.

We'll do the following preliminary work, then use the information to sketch.

1. Determine the end behavior.
2. Find the y -intercept $(0, f(0))$
3. Find the x -intercepts. Make note of multiplicity.
4. Divide the x -axis into intervals according to the zeros, and check the sign of f in each interval.
5. Plot the intercepts and points used in the previous step.
6. Cross reference the facts (number of roots, zero multiplicities, maximum number of turning points), and sketch.

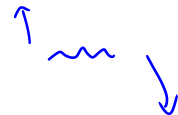
$$f(x) = -x^3 + 6x^2 - 9x$$

There is a table a couple of slides away to keep track of the relevant details.

The leading term is $-x^3$ as $a_n x^n$

$$a_n = -1 \quad \text{and} \quad n = 3$$

picture should be



end
behavior

y-int

$$f(0) = -0^3 + 6 \cdot 0^2 - 9 \cdot 0 = 0$$

Graph passes through $(0, 0)$

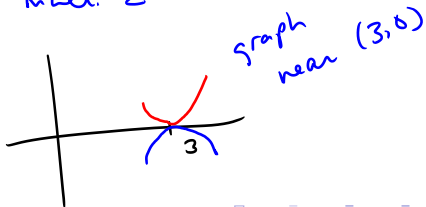
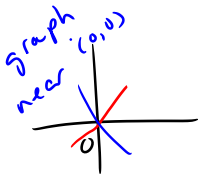
$$f(x) = -x^3 + 6x^2 - 9x$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Factor } f : \quad f(x) &= -x(x^2 - 6x + 9) \\ &= -x(x-3)^2\end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = 0 \Rightarrow 0 = -x(x-3)^2 \Rightarrow x = 0 \text{ or } x - 3 = 0$$

We have two x-intercepts

$(0, 0)$ and $(3, 0)$
mult. 1 mult. 2



$$f(x) = -x^3 + 6x^2 - 9x$$

We'll divide the domain using the x-intercepts. We have

$$-\infty < x < 0, \quad 0 < x < 3 \quad \text{and}$$

$$3 < x < \infty.$$

Testing points:

$$f(-1) = -(-1)^3 + 6(-1)^2 - 9(-1) = 1 + 6 + 9 = 16$$

$$f(1) = -(1)^3 + 6(1)^2 - 9(1) = -1 + 6 - 9 = -4$$

$$f(4) = -(4)^3 + 6(4)^2 - 9(4) = -64 + 96 - 36 = -4$$

Interval	$(-\infty, 0)$	$(0, 3)$	$(3, \infty)$			
test pt c	-1	1	4			
$f(c)$	$f(-1) = 16$	$f(1) = -4$	$f(4) = -4$			
sign	pos.	neg.	neg.			

